Pronoun-Antecedent Agreement Write the answer to each item on the line before the item. 1. _____ This refers to the forms a pronoun takes to show its function in a sentence. 2. _____ This word refers to the case if the pronoun is the subject of a sentence. 3. _____ This words refers to the case if the pronoun is the object of a sentence or of a preposition. 4. _____ These words - I, we, you, he, she, it, they - are used to replace nouns that serve this function in a sentence. 5. _____ These words - me, us, you, him, her, it, them - are used to replace nouns that serve this function in a sentence. 6. _____ This word refers to the noun that a pronoun replaces. (BGS69) ______ & ______ & _____Pronouns & antecedents should agree in these two areas. _____ This type of pronoun can be singular or plural and is usually gender neutral, meaning it is not clear if it refers to masculine or feminine. In other words, it is not definite. 9. ______& ______ Gender means it is either this or this, other words for male or female. 10. _____ These pronouns - another, anybody, anyone, anything, each, either, everybody, everyone, everything, little, much, neither, nobody, no one, nothing, one, other, somebody, someone, and something are considered this in number. (HiINT: Number means singular or plural.) These pronouns - both, few, many, others, several - are considered this in number. (HiINT: Number means singular or plural.) 12. _____ These pronouns - all, any, more, most, none, some - are considered this in number. (HiINT: Number means singular or plural.) WORD BANK

Singular plural plural nominative

objective subject object
case
case & number
masculine & feminine
indefinite
antecedent